THE GREAT GATSBY -INTRODUCTION

WHAT DOES THE AMERICAN DREAM MEAN TO YOU?

About the Author – F. Scott Fitzgerald

- Lived from <u>September of 1896</u> until he died in the <u>December of 1940</u>.
- Married <u>Zelda Sayre</u>
- Wrote The Great Gatsby, The Beautiful and the Damned, and Tender is the Night



Fitzgerald and Society

• Fitzgerald named the 1920's "<u>The</u> Jazz Age."



The Jazz Age

• Prohibition was in effect. Dances like the Charleston were popular, and slang words included Bee's Knees, dolled up, hip to the jive, and 23 Skidoo. Jazz was booming in popularity,

especially in urban areas.





Roaring Twenties

- Prohibition alcohol (any kind) made illegal
- Speakeasies a backroom secret bar
- Bootlegging transporting illegal alcohol
- Organized Crime the mafia
- Jazz Age named for the music style
- Dancing the "Charleston"
- Flappers women with short hair, short skirts, and smoked cigarettes constantly



The Life of the 20's



Josephine Baker – Broadway dancer, important to the Harlem Renaissance





Langston Hughes – Poet, writer, and artist. Regarded as one of the all-time greats.



Character: Jay Gatsby

 Gatsby is a self-made wealthy man who lives next door to <u>Nick Carraway</u> and madly loves Daisy Buchanan.





Character: Nick Carraway

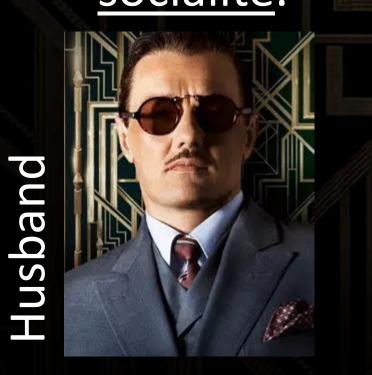
• The <u>narrator</u>, <u>Daisy's</u> cousin, and Gatsby's <u>neighbor</u>.





Character: Daisy Buchanan

Married to Tom, Gatsby's pre-war love interest, socialite.





Character: Tom Buchanan

Daisy's husband, having an affair with <u>Myrtle</u> <u>Wilson.</u>





Other Characters

- Myrtle Wilson Tom's woman in the city, married to <u>George Wilson</u>
- George Wilson owns the gas station
- Jordan Baker <u>Daisy's friend</u>, professional <u>golfer</u>
- Owl Eyes eccentric <u>drunk</u> at <u>Gatsby</u>'s parties
- Klipspringer shallow <u>freeloader</u> who seems to live at <u>Gatsby</u>'s house

Settings

 West Egg – where Nick and Gatsby live. Represents <u>new</u> money. • East Egg – where Daisy lives, the more fashionable area. Represents old money

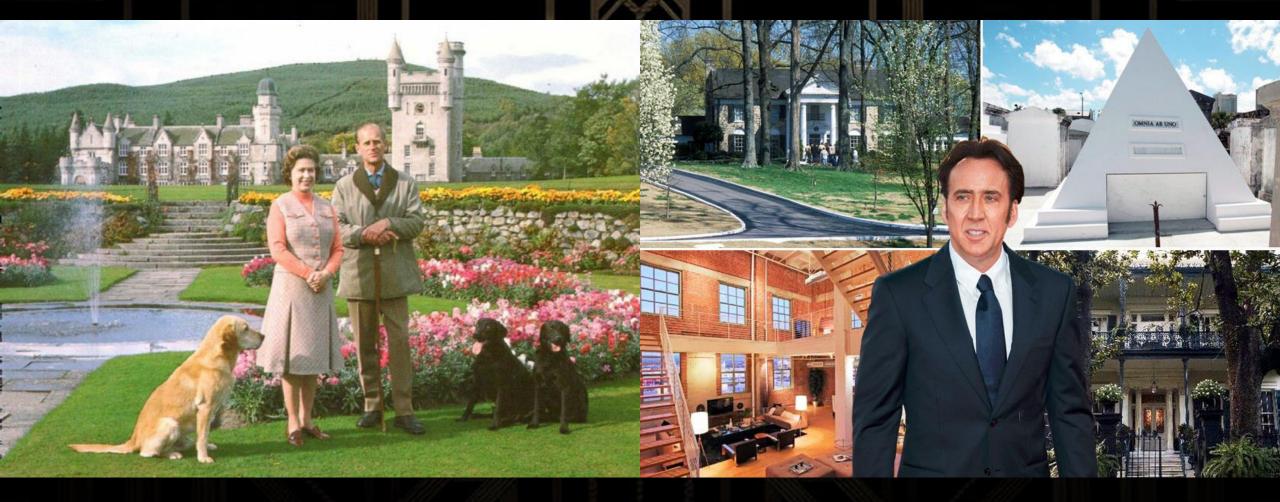






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East Egg v. West Egg



Settings

• The City- New York City- where characters go for work and play • The Valley of Ashes – the area between West Egg and NYC. It is desolate and filled with industrial waste. It represents social and moral decay as well as the effects of greed. Wilson's gas station is here as well.



Symbols

 Green Light – at the end of Daisy's <u>dock</u> this light is visible from Gatsby's <u>mansion</u>. Represents Gatsby's <u>hopes and dreams</u> about Daisy.

Symbols

 The Eyes of Dr. T.J. Eckleburg – A decaying <u>billboard</u> in the Valley of Ashes with eyes advertising an <u>optometrist</u>. People think it may represent God's <u>moral judgement</u> on society.



Symbols

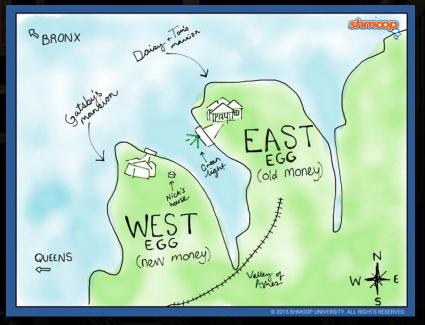
• The Valley of Ashes – the area between West Egg and NYC. It is desolate and filled with industrial waste. It represents social and moral decay as well as the effects of greed.



Motifs (<u>recurring</u> structures or literary devices that help develop the text's major <u>themes</u>)

- Geographical Location
 - East Egg <u>elegance</u>
 - West Egg <u>Newly Rich</u>
 - Valley of Ashes <u>Social decay</u> <u>in the U.S.</u>
 - New York <u>uninhibited</u> <u>behavior</u>
 - East <u>Moral Decay</u>
 - West <u>Morality and Idealism</u>

- Weather
 - Rains when tone is sad
 - Smothering heat <u>when Tom</u> and Gatsby argue



Theme (Universal Idea in text) – Decline of the American Dream

- In the past the American Dream was making money for noble goals and dreams.
- The American Dream becomes <u>decadent</u> <u>spending and self-</u> <u>indulgence</u>



Theme: Hollow Upper Class

- East Egg
 Old Money
 - Aristocrats
 - Tasteful, classic home
 - Elegant



 West Egg Gaudy clothes and Loud Parties Ostentatious houses "Nouveau riche" Looked down upon, as if not deserving riches

A Novel of Contradictions

- The setting is during the time of Prohibition, yet the alcohol flows
- It is the quintessential <u>American</u> novel, yet it was written by an <u>expatriot</u> (He wrote it in France).
- The narrator claims to <u>reserve</u> all judgments, but he uses very judgmental language.
- Daisy's voice is compelling, but she doesn't say anything of value.

And, perhaps in being so contradictory, it does, in fact, represent <u>America</u> itself -- both then and now.